

Partnership with sub-national government to implement STBM in NTT Province, Indonesia

Silvia Devina WASH Advisor Plan International Indonesia



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PLAN INTERNATIONAL INDONESIA'S WORKING AREAS OF STBM PROGRAM



CIVIL SOCIETY WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE FUND

Project Context & Challenges

- The 2015-2019 Medium Term National Development Plan specified STBM (CLTS+) as the approach towards universal access to sanitation in Indonesia.
- 2. Five districts in East Nusa Tenggara (NTT) province were chosen because of the following:
 - Province had the second lowest % of improved sanitation (28% in 2013)
 - Limited knowledge of STBM at the government and community levels
 - STBM (behavior change approach) was not a priority (only 0.01% budget allocation)





- 1. Promote partnership/ synergy among the inter- sectoral and inter-program efforts in government
- 2. Learning activities among government change agents on the STBM principles and approach

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Project Objectives

Support districts governments to ensure communities will benefit from sustainable & inclusive implementation

- 1. STBM is implemented in 5 districts (150 pilot villages in 15 sub-districts).
- Districts and sub-districts have functional STBM coordinating committees (STBM Working Groups at the provincial & district level and STBM teams at the village level).
- 3. Roadmap prepared with adequate budgets to replicate activities to other villages (150 replication villages).



Steps in partnership with local government (province, district, sub-district, and village level)

Government WASH working groups/STBM teams (lead by the Planning bureau)





Key Interventions

Partnership with local government (province, district, subdistrict, and village levels)

- 1. Strengthening the local governments commitments
 - Securing upfront commitments (signed agreements) for STBM implementation, including financial, personnel, and time commitments.
 - Established WASH working groups/STBM teams districtvillage level
 - STBM socialization at the provincial & district level through roadshows to bolster awareness and ensure common vision of STBM implementation.
 - Development of STBM roadmaps and budgeting plans through participatory workshops involving district working groups and representatives from the provincial & sub-district levels.



Key Interventions

Partnership with local government (province, district, subdistrict, and village levels)

2. Capacity Building

- STBM trainings (triggering, aggregated monev data, ODF verifications, and disaster risk reduction) for provincial, district, and sub-district working groups.
- Learning-by-doing approach through co-facilitation of STBM triggering and monev of progress.
- Regular learning events to promote cross-fertilization among districts.



Key Interventions

Partnership with local government (province, district, subdistrict, and village levels)

3. Advocacy initiatives

- Advocacy for support from District Heads and key stakeholders to institutionalize STBM in sanitation programs with specific targets.
- Engagements of traditional/natural leaders and STBM champions to help strengthens local government's accountability.
- Presentation at national events by district government (role model approach).
- Learning exchange/hub through development of KIE materials.



Key Achievements

Five districts have strong commitments to STBM

- 1. Five-year STBM roadmaps have been developed, enabling stakeholders to have, for the very first time, a common goal with specified timeline for ODF attainment by 2019.
- 2. STBM has been included in the Mid-Term Development Plans in five districts.
- 3. 1 provincial and 5 district working works have carried out their functions to provide technical & advocacy support and monev of districts' performance in the pilot & replication villages.



Key Achievements

Five districts have strong commitments to STBM

- 4. 150 pilot and 205 replication villages have established STBM teams under the village heads' decrees.
- 5. Improved coordination of STBM activities across departments, between levels of local government and among stakeholders (health, public works, education, environmental protection, women empowerment & children protection, and private sectors).



Lesson Learnt

Ensure strong commitments at all levels

- Securing upfront commitments.
- STBM socialisation through multiple consultations, orientation meetings, and field visits to gain support from decision makes (Head of Districts & MPs).
- Cross-learnings among districts & villages to accelerate replication.
- Final evaluation concluded that MOST of the government change agents were satisfied in partnering with Plan International Indonesia.



Resource recommendations

- <u>http://stbm-indonesia.org/monev/</u>
- <u>http://witiestudio.com/worldbank-map/</u>

