

Key objective

To enhance the health and quality of life of the poor and vulnerable by improving sustainable access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene.

Outcome 1

Improved performance of actors in the WASH enabling environment

Outcome 2

Improved gender equality

Outcome 3

Improved WASH evidence and knowledge base

Outcome 4

Improved hygiene behaviour

Outcome 5

Increased use of equitable sanitation services

Outcome 6

Increased use of improved and equitable water supply services

Improved WASH services for **5.31 million people** in poor Target Populations (compared to original target of 3.5 million) including **73,000 people living with disabilities**. Beneficiaries were women, girls, men and boys in remote island communities, slums, remote rural communities, geographic areas under stress (e.g. flood prone, desert, disaster affected), poor communities living on less than \$1/day, 'hardcore poor' class, and ethnic minority groups.

34,500 WASH sector Change Agents (typically government or community stakeholders) supported to improve the delivery of WASH services.

2,886 WASH Committees comprising 34,000 members supported.

855 additional service providers with functioning 'request and response' mechanisms.

Over **4,000 additional private sector providers** selling WASH products and services.

2,335 WASH committees with **women in management or technical roles** (52% more than planned).

1,840 WASH committees with equal representation of women (11% less than planned).

427 WASH-related institutions now actively implementing a gender equality policy (130% more than planned).

Over 1,400 K&L products received over the life of the Fund covering a diverse range of topics. Nearly 600 CSO and partner staff attending the Fund's six learning events. 60 peer-reviewed publications.

- **3.6 million additional people** with improved knowledge of hygiene practices (62% more than planned).
- 2 million additional households in which handwashing is practiced (according to proxy: locations with handwashing facilities with soap or ash) (31% more than planned).
- **348,000 additional students** with access to an adequate number of school handwashing facilities with soap (1% more than planned).
- **2.74 million additional people** with access to improved sanitation (57% more than planned).
- 2.54 million people living in communities that have become **open defecation free** (51% more than planned).
- **215,000** additional students with access to improved school toilets (38% less than planned).
- **445,000** additional people with access to an improved drinking-water source (22% less than planned).
- 145,000 additional students with access to an **improved school drinking-water** source (2% more than planned).
- 1.77 million additional people living in households where water is safely treated and stored (26% more than planned).